Forres Sandle Manor Pre-Prep Policy

Policy Title	Behaviour Management
Policy Lead (Appointment (& Initials))	Head of Pre-Prep (T-JS)
Date of Last Review	September 2024
Date of Next Review	September 2025

BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT

GENERAL WELFARE REQUIREMENTS

Safeguarding and promoting children's welfare: Children's behaviour must be managed effectively and in a manner appropriate for their stage of development and particular individual needs.

A Unique Child	Positive	Enabling	Learning and
	Relationships	Environments	Development
1.1 Child	2.2 Parents as	3.2 Supporting	4.4 Personal,
development	partners	every child	social and
1.2 Inclusive	2.3 Supporting	3.3 The learning	emotional
practice	learning	environment	development
1.3 Keeping safe			

POLICY STATEMENT

Children need to learn to consider the views and feelings of others, their rights and needs and the impact that their behaviour has on other people, objects and their environment. We understand that this is a developmental task which needs sensitive support, encouragement and understanding. The EYFS provides a safe, stable and calm environment for this growth. We model the positive, considerate, respectful behaviour that we hope to promote in our children by treating all people – staff, parents and children alike - with friendliness, care and courtesy.

PROCEDURES

- The person with specific and overall responsibility for Behaviour Management in the Pre-Prep is Mrs Tracy-Jane Spottiswood. In the Nursery it is Mrs Bev Kendall. As well as updating themselves in the legislation, research and current thinking on promoting positive behaviour they have the responsibility to pass on this information to the Pre-Prep and Nursery staff with regard to providing additional support or training where and as necessary. In her absence, responsibility for Behaviour Management falls to the Nursery Leader, Mrs Beverley Kendall.
- We familiarise new EYFS staff with the policy for behaviour management.
- We work in partnership with the children's parents. Parents are made aware if their children's behaviour is inconsiderate or unacceptable in any way and we keep them informed. In these cases, children's social and emotional behaviour is observed and

a record kept. Individuals are discussed at staff meetings to help us to understand the cause and to decide jointly how to address the problem with parents and to respond appropriately.

STRATEGIES WITH CHILDREN WHO ENGAGE IN INCONSIDERATE BEHAVIOUR

Positive approaches are used to handle any inconsiderate behaviour and the children are given strategies to find solutions to problems which are appropriate to their age and stage of development. Wherever possible we avoid creating situations in which children receive adult attention in return for poor behaviour.

In the EYFS the use of encouragement and a problem-solving approach to conflict between children is promoted. Conflict or inconsiderate behaviour is seen as a learning opportunity and staff are encouraged to follow the 'Six Steps to Conflict Resolution' with children to enable them to learn to cope more appropriately:

- 1) Approach the situation calmly.
- 2) Recognise the children's feelings.
- 3) Gather information and restate the problem.
- 4) Ask for the children to provide ideas/solutions.
- 5) Clarify suggested solutions and reach agreement.
- 6) Support children in carrying out their solution.

Circle time is an opportunity to support problem solving strategies and reinforce positive behaviour.

We may:

 Use physical restraint in rare circumstances in order to prevent injury to children or adults or serious damage to property. Should physical intervention be used to manage a child's behaviour, this will be recorded and parents informed on the same day.

We never:

- Use physical punishment such as smacking or shaking and children are never threatened.
- We do not use techniques that are intended to humiliate individuals.
- We do not use insulting and derogatory terms such as 'stupid'.

YOUNG CHILDREN

When young children behave inconsiderately or unacceptably we recognise that our strategies for supporting the need to be appropriate to their age and development. Such behaviours may include tantrums, biting or fighting for example. It may be that they are not yet able to control or regulate their own responses and emotions and may require sensitive adult support. Staff recognise that these intense emotions may be frightening for the child experiencing them as well as for others involved. They understand the need to be calm and patient and that children can be helped to manage their feelings by enabling

them to talk about them and helping them to resolve issues and promote understanding as outlined above. Comfort is important in this. Young children often respond to cuddling to help to calm down along with an explanation of the event which helps connect their feelings with the cause.

We are aware that in cases of frequent incidents or behaviour that is out of character that there may be some underlying cause. Staff are sensitive to this and always work in partnership with parents to resolve any issues.

ROUGH AND TUMBLE PLAY

Young children often engage in play which has an aggressive theme such as superhero play. Some children may seem pre-occupied with this play but though their behaviour may be inconsiderate at times it is not necessarily a precursor to intended hurtful behaviour or bullying.

- We recognise that rough and tumble play is normal and acceptable within limits. We regard this kind of play as pro-social and not essentially problematic.
- As such play emerges, we develop strategies to contain the play. We ensure that these are agreed and understood by the children and that the behavioural boundaries ensure that children are not hurt.
- We recognise that fantasy play also contains many violently dramatic strategies and that these themes often refer to 'goodies and baddies' and as such offer opportunities to explore concepts such as right and wrong. In this way, we make the most of openings to encourage empathy and lateral thinking to explore alternative scenarios and strategies for conflict resolution.

SEND

We recognise that some children have specific behaviour needs linked to a Special Educational Need. When necessary, these pupils will be supported by the class teacher and Teaching Assistant in addition to advice sought from external agencies. Pupils on the school SEND register may require reward and sanction systems which differ from those of pupils not on the register.

HURTFUL BEHAVIOUR

We take behaviour that is hurtful seriously. We recognise that most children in the EYFS and Key Stage1/L2, may at some stage say or do something hurtful in some way to another child. However, it is not helpful to term this behaviour as 'bullying' as it may occur without forethought of the feelings of the person hurt.

As children grow and develop, so too do our expectations of their behaviour. We help children develop pro-social behaviours, as described above, and encourage them to develop empathy for others as well as teaching them strategies to resolve conflict and to recognise and manage their emotions.

When hurtful behaviour becomes problematic we work with the parents to identify a cause and work towards a solution together.

BULLYING

We take bullying very seriously. Bullying is persistent and is carried out with awareness and intent and is found in the behaviour of children who are capable of this level of cognisance.

- We show children who have been bullied that we are able to listen to their concerns and act upon them.
- We intervene to keep the 'bullied' child safe.
- We explain to the child who is doing the bullying why their behaviour is unacceptable and help them to recognise the impact of their actions and provide opportunities for them to receive positive reinforcement for good behaviour.
- We do not label a child who has bullied another.
- We recognise that a child who may bully another may be subject to bullying or abuse or another circumstance which may cause them to behave in this way.
- We liaise with the parents of both the child who has bullied and those who have been bullied to enable us to reach a collective understanding and to work together for the future benefit of all the children.

PERSISTANT DISRUPTIVE BEHAVIOUR

Throughout their time in the EYFS the children develop an understanding of how to behave when they are learning. Our school rule, 'Be kind, be kind, be kind', is explained to children. One of its meanings is that it is not kind to disturb another child's learning. As above, we will always seek to determine an underlying cause and will take into account a child's age and stage of development.

- When a child is disruptive in class they are reminded of the school rule and given a warning not to repeat this behaviour.
- Two more repetitions will result in a period of time out.
- A further repetition will result in the child's parent's being informed.
- At each stage the child's understanding is ensured, both of their behaviour and its repercussions.
- Should such behaviours become habitual, with no underlying identified cause, the child will be sent to see the Head and a letter sent to the child's parents regarding their disruptive behaviour. Should behaviour persist the child will be put on a Graduated Disciplinary Response (GDR).

A GRADUATED DISCIPLINARY RESPONSE (GDR)

On occasion, our normal disciplinary response is inadequate, at which point the Warning light system is implemented through a graduated disciplinary response as follows.

Warning Light System

On occasion, our normal disciplinary response is inadequate, at which point the Warning Light System is implemented as follows:

Stage	Examples of Behaviour	Possible Sanctions	Comments
Yellow	Examples of Persistent	Internal suspension for	The Head will be kept informed
Card	stage Yellow card	morning or afternoon to	and depending on the
	behaviour	include a lunchtime.	situation/incident will be a part
	 Deliberately hurting 		of the process.
	another child	Children will normally be	
		withdrawn from all school	Parents will always be
	 Persistent verbal abuse 	activities for a period of time	informed.
	to a member of staff.	and work will be set for them.	
	 Physical abuse to any 	This may also include	The parents will also be
	member of staff/adult.	exclusion from school trips	informed that the next stage of
	 Malicious physical 	and visits.	the disciplinary process will be
	assault on another pupil.		an ' <mark>Orange Card'</mark> and an
	Deliberate damage to	The child may be removed	external Suspension.
	school or another's	from their own classroom to	
	property.	work under the supervision of	Depending on the context of
		the Head of Pre-Prep or to	individual situations the sanction could be increased
		be outside her open	immediately.
		classroom door.	ininediately.
		l	
		A behaviour contract may be	
0	Danis da di Vallaccia a cond	introduced at this point.	The result of the second on a
Orange	Repeated Yellow card	Suspension at home is	There may be times when a
Card	behaviour	normally used for more	pupil remains at home but is
	Behaviour of a more serious nature may	serious offences or where the	not suspended.
	mean that the yellow	child is unable to co-operate	The child's pout school may be
	stage is missed.	with internal suspension.	The child's next school may be informed.
	<u> </u>		illioinlea.
			The parents will also be
			informed that the next stage of
			the disciplinary process could
			be a 'Red Card' and
			Permanent Exclusion.
			i cimanent Exclusion.

Red	Repeated Orange card	Permanent Exclusion from	Permanent Exclusion is
Card	behaviour	the School.	retained as the ultimate
			sanction.
	Additionally:		
	 Serious threats of and actual violence. Repeated Bullying. Where FSM believes that a child's presence in 		
	the school represents a serious threat to others.		

BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT COORDINATOR

The Behaviour Management Co-ordinator in the Pre-Prep is Tracy-Jane Spottiswood and in her absence Sarah Holdom. In the Nursery it is Bev Kendall and in her absence Hannah Cave .